CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Claim 1 (withdrawn). An identification for a batched product comprising a mathematical

array of concentrations of isotopes, said concentrations of isotopes being the result of an analysis

of a plurality of the naturally occurring stable isotopes of said product in their anthropogenically

unaltered concentrations, said mathematical array being presented in a readable form.

Claim 2 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said concentrations

of isotopes are chosen from the group of isotopic concentrations consisting of concentrations of

isotopes, concentrations of isotopes and their errors, ratios of isotope concentrations, ratios of

isotope concentrations and their errors and combinations thereof.

Claim 3 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said readable form

is chosen from the group of readable forms consisting of serial numbers, bar codes, and other

numerical and alphabetical indicia.

Claim 4 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said mathematical

array is chosen from the group of mathematical arrays consisting of a list of a plurality of

concentrations, a list of a plurality of isotopic ratios, a list of a plurality of mathematical products

of isotopic concentrations, a list of a plurality of mathematical products of isotopic ratios, groups

of any such lists, groups of any such mathematical products, groups of any such ratios, groups of

any such concentrations, mathematical products of any such concentrations plus or minus their

error added, mathematical products of any such ratios plus or minus their error added, any such

concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, and mathematical products in quadrature, isotopic ratios of

any such mathematical products, ratios of said concentrations plus or minus their errors added,

any of such concentrations plus or minus their errors added, factor analysis of any such

concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, mathematical products and any determinants and

combinations thereof.

Claim 5 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein the isotopes

available are any of the 224 existing stable isotopes of known elements that have two or more

isotopes.

Claim 6 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said isotopes are of

any of the 13 stable isotopes of the group of elements consisting of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen,

nitrogen, sulfur and combinations thereof.

Claim 7 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein the error of the

identification is chosen by the mathematical array chosen, the number of concentrations of

isotopes utilized in said array, and the portion of said array compared with the isotopic analysis

of said unknown product.

Claim 8 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein the batched product

from which the concentrations of isotopes are analyzed and formed into a mathematical array is

chosen from the group of batched products consisting of active pharmaceutical ingredients,

excipients of drug products, impurities in drug products, raw materials and drug products,

combustible fuels, additives to combustible fuels, environmental-and naturally occurring

products, explosives products, ammunition, gun powder, crude oil, petroleum distillates,

hazardous waste, paper, ink, tire materials, paints and other coatings, and other synthetic

materials.

Claim 9 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said concentrations

of isotopes are chosen from the group of concentrations of isotopes consisting of bulk phase

analysis and specific compound analysis.

Claim 10 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 9 wherein said bulk

phase analysis includes off-line dual inlet isotope ratio mass spectrometry (irMS) and on-line

combustion coupled with high resolution isotope ratio monitoring/mass spectrometry (irmMS).

Claim 11 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 9 wherein specific

compound analysis includes gas chromatography coupled with irMS (irmGCMS) and liquid

chromatography coupled with irMS (irmLCMS).

Claim 12 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said

analyses includes nuclear magnetic resonance.

Claim 13 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 1 wherein said

readable form is a machine readable form that is comparable to other machine readable forms

derived from the analysis of known products and their product information stored in memory on

a machine together with an index, said machine readable forms, index, and product information

being interlinked, said machine readable forms once identified through the index presents stored

product information in displayed form.

Claim 14 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 13 wherein said

product information may be scrolled through.

Claim 15 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 13 wherein said

product information may be printed.

Claim 16 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 13 wherein said

product information may be accessed through said index from said machine readable form of

said mathematical array.

Claim 17 (currently amended). The method of objectively identifying batched products

comprising the steps of analyzing a batched product for the concentration concentrations of a

plurality of the naturally occurring stable isotopes of said batched product after batching in their

anthropogenically isotopically unaltered batched concentrations, arranging said batched

concentrations of said isotopes into a mathematical array, formulating said mathematical array

into a readable form, assembling product information, indexing said product information and

said readable form thereby forming an index, and maintaining said index and said product

information.

Claim 18 (previously presented). The method of Claim 17 further comprising the step of

measuring the concentration of one or more of said isotopes in a comparable substance and

comparing the concentration of said one or more isotopes of said comparable substance with the

concentrations of said mathematical array in readable form to identify said substance.

Claim 19 (canceled).

Claim 20 (previously amended). The method of Claim 17 wherein said concentrations of

isotopes are chosen from the group of isotopic concentrations consisting of concentrations of

isotopes, concentrations of isotopes and their errors, and ratios of isotope concentrations, ratios

of isotope concentrations and their errors and combinations thereof.

Claim 21 (previously presented). The method of Claim 17 wherein said readable form is

a machine readable form of said mathematical array, said product information is placed on a

machine, said machine readable form being indexed to said product information.

The method of Claim 21 wherein said product Claim 22 (previously presented).

information may be displayed by identifying said machine readable form and indexing the same

to said product information.

Claim 23 (currently amended). The method of Claim 22 21 wherein said product

information may be scrolled and/or downloaded or printed as desired.

Claim 24 (currently amended). The method of Claim 21 further comprising measuring

the concentrations of said plurality of isotopes in a comparable substance, arranging said

comparable substance concentrations into a mathematical array, and comparing the mathematical

array of said comparable substance with said mathematical array of said product.

Claim 25 (currently amended). The method of Claim 24 wherein said mathematical array

includes ratios[[,]] and concentrations and said comparing step comprises comparing each of said

ratios[[,]] and concentrations step by step to identify said comparable substance within the error

desired.

Claim 26 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said concentrations of

isotopes are chosen from the group of isotopic concentrations consisting of concentrations of

isotopes, concentrations of isotopes and their errors, and ratios of isotope concentrations, ratios

of isotope concentrations and their errors and combinations thereof.

Claim 27 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said readable form is

chosen from the group of readable forms consisting of serial numbers, bar codes, and other

numerical and alphabetical indicia.

Claim 28 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said mathematical

array is chosen from the group of mathematical arrays consisting of a list of a plurality of

concentrations, a list of a plurality of isotopic ratios, a list of a plurality of mathematical products

of isotopic concentrations, a list of a plurality of mathematical products of isotopic ratios, groups

of any such lists, groups of any such mathematical products, groups of any such ratios, groups of

any such concentrations, mathematical products of any such concentrations plus or minus their

error added, mathematical products of any such ratios plus or minus their error added, any such

concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, and mathematical products in quadrature, isotopic ratios of

any such mathematical products, ratios of said concentrations plus or minus their errors added,

any of such concentrations plus or minus their errors added, factor analysis of any such

concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, mathematical products and any determinants and

combinations thereof.

Claim 29 (previously amended). The method of Claim 24 wherein the isotopes available

are any of the 252 existing stable isotopes of known elements that have two or more isotopes.

Claim 30 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said isotopes are of

any of the 13 stable isotopes of the group of elements consisting of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen,

nitrogen, sulfur and combinations thereof.

Claim 31 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein the error of

identification is chosen by the mathematical array chosen, the number of concentrations of

isotopes utilized in said array, and the portion of said array compared with the isotopic analysis

of said unknown product.

Claim 32 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein the batched product

from which the concentrations of isotopes are analyzed and formed into a mathematical array is

chosen from the group of batched products consisting of active pharmaceutical ingredients,

excipients of drug products, impurities in drug products, raw materials and drug products,

combustible fuels, additives to combustible fuels, environmental and naturally occurring

products, explosives and ammunition, gun powder, crude oil, petroleum distillates, hazardous

waste, paper, ink, tire materials, paints and other coatings, and other synthetic materials.

Claim 33 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said concentrations of

isotopes are chosen from the group of concentrations of isotopes consisting of bulk phase

analysis and specific compound analysis.

Claim 34 (previously presented). The method of Claim 33 wherein said bulk phase

analysis includes off-line dual inlet isotope ratio mass spectrometry (irMS) and on-line

combustion coupled with high resolution isotope ratio monitoring/mass spectrometry (irmMS).

Claim 35 (previously presented). The method of Claim 33 wherein specific compound

analysis includes gas chromatography coupled with irMS (irmGCMS) and liquid

chromatography coupled with irMS (irmLCMS).

Claim 36 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said analyses

includes nuclear magnetic resonance.

Claim 37 (previously presented). The method of Claim 24 wherein said readable form is

a machine readable form and said product information is stored in memory on a machine

together with the index, said machine readable form, index and product information being

interlinked, said machine readable form once identified through the index presents stored product

information in displayed form.

Claim 38 (previously presented). The method of Claim 37 wherein said product

information may be scrolled through.

Claim 39 (previously presented). The method of Claim 37 wherein said product

information may be printed.

Claim 40 (previously presented). The method of Claim 37 wherein said product

information may be accessed through said index from said machine readable form of said

mathematical array.

Claim 41 (previously presented). The method of Claim 17 wherein said mathematical

array is chosen from the group of mathematical arrays consisting of a list of a plurality of

concentrations, a list of a plurality of isotopic ratios, a list of a plurality of mathematical products

of isotopic concentrations, a list of a plurality of mathematical products of isotopic ratios, groups

of any such lists, groups of any such mathematical products, groups of any such ratios, groups of

any such concentrations, mathematical products of any such concentrations plus or minus their

error added, mathematical products of any such ratios plus or minus their error added, any such

concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, and mathematical products in quadrature, isotopic ratios of

any such mathematical products, ratios of said concentrations plus or minus their errors added,

any of such concentrations plus or minus their errors added, factor analysis of any such

concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, mathematical products and any determinants and

combinations thereof.

Claim 42 (withdrawn). An identification for a composition comprising an arrangement

of empirical information derived from an analysis of a plurality of the naturally_occurring stable

isotopes of said composition in their anthropogenically unaltered concentrations, said

arrangement comprising a numerical array of said empirical information in a readable form.

Claim 43 (withdrawn). The identification of Claim 42 wherein said empirical

information further comprises the tolerable error of said analysis.

Claim 44 (withdrawn). The identification of claim 42 wherein said composition is a

substance manufactured in an industry chosen from the group of industries consisting of the

chemical, petroleum, pharmaceutical, biomedical, biochemical, environmental, paint, explosive

material and combustible fuel industries.

Claim 45 (currently amended). A method of providing an objective identification of a

batched product comprising the steps of analyzing a plurality of the naturally occurring stable

isotopes of said batched product for their observed batched concentrations after batching in their

Amendment Under Rule 116 Serial No. 09/349,380 Attorney Docket No. JASJ-1/KD_IM-644755_1.DOC anthropogenically isotopically unaltered batched concentrations, deriving empirical information

from said analyzing step, and arranging said empirical information into a numerical array.

Claim 46 (currently amended). The method of Claim 45 wherein said analyzing

step comprises determining ratios of said measured batched concentrations of two or more stable

isotopes of said batched product.

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Claim 47 (currently amended). A method of tracing an unknown composition to a known

composition comprising the steps of performing the method of Claim 46 45 on for a plurality of

known compositions, indexing said numerical arrays for said known compositions in a readable

form into an index linking said numerical arrays to product information for a said plurality of

known compositions, performing the method of Claim 46 for 45 on said unknown composition,

comparing said numerical array for said unknown composition to with said numerical arrays of

said index, determining whether said numerical array for said unknown composition matches any

of the numerical arrays contained in said index, and matching said numerical array of said

unknown composition to the numerical array of a known composition in said index thereby

identifying said unknown composition or distinguishing said unknown composition from said

known compositions of said index.

Claim 48 (previously amended). The method of Claim 45 wherein said isotopes are any

of the plurality of naturally occurring stable isotopes of said composition.

Claim 49 (currently amended). The method of Claim 17 further comprising the step of

increasing the composition of at least one of the plurality of naturally occurring stable isotopes of

said composition prior to batching, and analyzing the same as part of said analyzing step.

Claim 50 (currently amended). A method for identifying a batched composition

comprising identifying a plurality of the naturally occurring stable isotopes of said batched

composition, analyzing said batched composition for the observed concentrations of a plurality

of the naturally occurring stable isotopes of said batched composition after batching in their

anthropogenically isotopically unaltered batched concentrations, deriving empirical information

from said analyzing step, arranging said empirical information into a numerical array and

formulating said numerical array into a readable form.

Claim 51 (withdrawn). The identification of Claim 1 wherein said readable form is

comparable to numerical arrays of isotopic concentration from the analyses of said naturally

occurring stable isotopes of unknown batched products, whereby unknown products can be

identified with and differentiated from said known products.

Claim 52 (withdrawn). The identification of Claim 1 wherein said readable form is

indexed to stored product information, whereby products can be securely traced through

manufacturing and the marketplace and distinguished from said unknown products.

Claim 53 (previously presented). The method of Claim 17 wherein said readable form is

chosen from the group of readable forms consisting of serial numbers, bar codes, and other

numerical and alphabetical indicia.

Claim 54 (previously amended). The method of Claim 17 wherein the isotopes available

are any of the 252 existing stable isotopes of known elements that have two or more isotopes.

Claim 55 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said empirical

information is chosen from the group of empirical information consisting of concentrations of

isotopes, concentrations of isotopes and their errors, ratios of isotope concentrations, ratios of

isotope concentrations and their errors and combinations thereof.

Claim 56 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said readable

form is chosen from the group of readable forms consisting of serial numbers, bar codes, and

other numerical and alphabetical indicia.

The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said Claim 57 (withdrawn).

mathematical array is chosen from the group of mathematical arrays consisting of a list of a

plurality of concentrations, a list of a plurality of isotopic ratios, a list of a plurality of

mathematical products of isotopic concentrations, a list of a plurality of mathematical products of

isotopic ratios, groups of any such lists, groups of any such mathematical products, groups of any

such ratios, groups of any such concentrations, mathematical products of any such concentrations

plus or minus their error added, mathematical products of any such ratios plus or minus their

error added, any such concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, and mathematical products in

quadrature, isotopic ratios of any such mathematical products, ratios of said concentrations plus

or minus their errors added, any of such concentrations plus or minus their errors added, factor

analysis of any such concentrations, ratios, lists, groups, mathematical products and any

determinants and combinations thereof.

Claim 58 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said isotopes are

any of the 224 existing stable isotopes of known elements that have two or more isotopes.

Claim 59 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said isotopes are

of any of the 13 stable isotopes of the group of elements consisting of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen,

nitrogen, sulfur and combinations thereof.

Claim 60 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 43 wherein the error of the

identification is chosen by the mathematical array chosen, the number of concentrations of

isotopes utilized in said array, and the portion of said array compared with the isotopic analysis

of said unknown product.

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Claim 61 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein the composition

from which the concentrations of isotopes are analyzed and formed into a mathematical array is

chosen from the group of batched products consisting of active pharmaceutical ingredients,

excipients of drug products, impurities in drug products, raw materials, combustible fuels,

additives to combustible fuels, environmental and naturally occurring products, explosives

products, ammunition, gun powder, crude oil, petroleum distillates, hazardous waste, paper, ink,

tire materials, paints and other coatings, and other synthetic materials.

Claim 62 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 55 wherein said

concentrations of isotopes are chosen from the group of concentrations of isotopes consisting of

bulk phase analysis and specific compound analysis.

Claim 63 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 62 wherein said bulk phase

analysis includes off-line dual inlet isotope ratio mass spectrometry (irMS) and on-line

combustion coupled with high resolution isotope ratio monitoring/mass spectrometry (irmMS).

Claim 64 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 62 wherein specific

compound analysis includes gas chromatography coupled with irMS (irmGCMS) and liquid

chromatography coupled with irMS (irmLCMS).

Claim 65 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said analyses

includes nuclear magnetic resonance.

Claim 66 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 42 wherein said readable

form is a machine readable form that is comparable to other machine readable forms derived

from the analysis of known products and their product information stored in memory on a

machine together with an index, said machine readable forms, index, and product information

being interlinked, said machine readable forms once identified through the index presents stored

product information in displayed form.

Claim 67 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 66 wherein said product

information may be scrolled through.

Claim 68 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 66 wherein said product

information may be printed.

Claim 69 (withdrawn). The isotopic identification of Claim 66 wherein said product

information may be accessed through said index from said machine readable form of said

mathematical array.

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Claim 70 (currently amended). A method of providing an objective identification of a

batched product comprising the steps of analyzing a batched product after batching for the

anthropogenically isotopically unaltered batched concentrations of a plurality of the naturally

occurring stable isotopes of said batched product, arranging said batched concentrations of said

isotopes into a mathematical array, formulating said mathematical array into a readable form,

assembling product information with regard to said batched product, indexing said batched

product information and said readable form to a description of said product thereby forming an

index, and maintaining said index and said product information and said readable form.

Claim 71 (withdrawn). An identification for a batched product comprising an

arrangement of empirical information derived from an analysis of a plurality of naturally

occurring stable isotopes of said batched product in their anthropogenically unaltered

concentrations, said arrangement comprising a numerical array of said empirical information in

readable form.

Claim 72 (withdrawn). An identification for a batched product comprising empirical

information derived from an analysis of a plurality of naturally occurring stable isotopes of said

batched product in their anthropogenically unaltered concentrations, said empirical information

being arranged in a numerical array, said array being a readable form, said readable form being

comparable to the empirical information of said naturally occurring isotopes of unknown

products, said readable form being indexed to stored product information, whereby unknown

products can be identified with and differentiated from said known products.

Claim 73 (withdrawn). A method of linking an unknown composition to known

compositions comprising the steps of analyzing a plurality of stable naturally occurring isotopes

of a plurality of known compositions in their anthropogenically unaltered concentrations,

deriving empirical information from said analyzing step of said known compositions, arranging

said empirical information from said known compositions into numerical arrays, placing said

numerical arrays and product of said known compositions into an index, analyzing a plurality of

stable naturally occurring isotopes of an unknown composition, deriving empirical information

from said analyzing step performed on said unknown composition, arranging said empirical

information from said unknown composition into a numerical array, comparing said numerical

array of said unknown composition to said numerical arrays of said index, determining whether

said numerical array of said unknown composition matches any of the numerical arrays of said

index.

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A method of comparing batched products comprising the Claim 74 (withdrawn).

steps of analyzing a first plurality of stable naturally occurring isotopes of a second plurality of

elements of a third plurality of batched products in their anthropogenically unaltered

concentrations thereby generating a fourth plurality of isotopic data, said fourth plurality of

isotopic data being for each of said third plurality of batched products, respectively, listing said

fourth plurality of isotopic data, listing identifications of said third plurality of batched products

from which each of said fourth plurality of isotopic data were derived, linking said

identifications with said isotopic data thereby forming an index, analyzing a fifth plurality of

stable naturally occurring isotopes of a sixth plurality of elements of an unknown batched

product in their anthropogenically unaltered concentrations thereby generating a seventh

plurality of isotopic data, comparing said seventh plurality of isotopic data with said fourth

plurality of isotopic data to identify said unknown product as one of said third plurality of

batched products or to distinguish said unknown product from said third plurality of batched

products, said fifth, sixth, and seventh plurality being less or equal in number to said first,

second, fourth plurality, respectively, and determining the precision of said comparing step by

selecting said first and fifth plurality of stable naturally occurring isotopes of said unknown

product.

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Claim 75 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein said analyzing said first

plurality and fifth plurality include analyses chosen from the group of analyses consisting of bulk

phase analyses including offline dual inlet isotope radio mass spectrometry (IRMS) and online

combustion coupled with high resolution isotope ratio monitoring/mass spectrometry (IRMS),

NMR, and specific compound analyses including gas chromatography coupled with IRMS

(IRMGCMS) and liquid chromatography coupled with IRMS (IRMLCMS).

Claim 76 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein said stable naturally

occurring isotopes include any of the 224 existing stable isotopes of known elements that have

two or more isotopes.

Claim 77 (withdrawn).

The method of Claim 74 wherein said stable naturally

occurring isotopes are any of the 13 stable isotopes of the group of elements consisting of

carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur and combinations thereof.

Claim 78 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein said fourth plurality of

isotopic data are arranged in a plurality of mathematical arrays being presented in a readable

form.

Claim 79 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 78 wherein said readable form is

chosen from the group of readable forms consisting of serial numbers, bar codes and other

numerical and alphabetical indicia.

Claim 80 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 78 wherein said fourth plurality

listing step results in a list of machine readable arrays.

Claim 81 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein said identification listing

results in a list of physical properties of said third plurality of batched products.

Claim 82 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein said identification listing

results in a list of chemical properties of said third plurality of batched products.

Claim 83 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein said unknown batched

product is a sample of a product larger in volume of said sample, and said sampling of said larger

in volume products is more precise than the precision of said comparing step.

Claim 84 (previously presented). The method of Claim 17 wherein said analyses of

said analyzing steps each have a dynamic range equal to the observed range divided by the 1-

sigma standard deviation.

Claim 85 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 84 wherein the precision of each of

said analyses is the 1-sigma standard deviation of the analysis performed divided by the square

root of the number of observations of said analysis.

Claim 86 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein the specificity of said comparing step using analyses of C^{13} , N^{15} , O^{18} and H^3 is determined by the following equations of the form:

Specificity = $(1\sigma - \delta^{13}C/\Delta\delta^{13}C)*(1\sigma - \delta^{15}N/\Delta\delta^{15}N)*(1\sigma - \delta^{18}O/\Delta\delta^{18}O)*(1\sigma - \delta D/\Delta\delta D)$

Claim 87 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein the specificity of said comparing step is inversely proportional to the product of the dynamic ranges of each isotopic analysis undertaken of said unknown batched product.

Claim 88 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein the precision of said comparing step is increased by compounding the precisions of said seventh plurality of isotopic data.

Claim 89 (withdrawn). The method of Claim 74 wherein the predicted degree of specificity of said comparing step is inversely proportional to the product of the dynamic ranges for each isotopic analyses undertaken in analyzing said fifth plurality of stable naturally occurring isotopes of a sixth plurality of elements of said unknown product.

Claim 90 (previously presented). The method of Claim 84 wherein the dynamic range is the range of values expected for an analysis divided by the 1-sigma standard deviation of that analysis.

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